

How to Change Windows Password with TuxPE-5

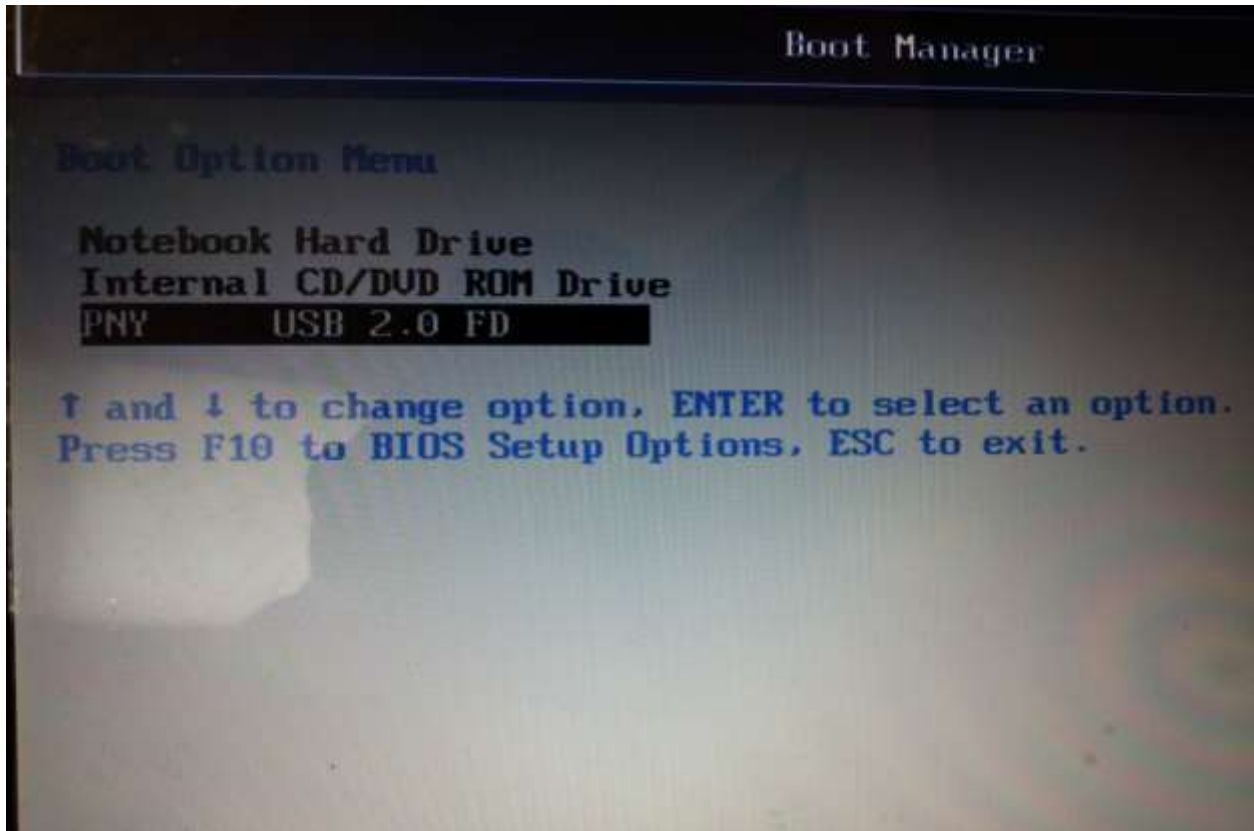
အခု Tuxpe - 5 နဲ့ဝင်းဒိုး password change နည်းကိုအသေးစိတ်ရှင်းပြ ပေးသွားပါမယ်။ (ကြော်ငြာ>>>>TuxPE သုံးလို့ ဘာတွေ ကောင်းလည်းဆိုရင် User Information တစ်ခုမှ ပျောက်ပျက်မသွားခြင်း ၊ ကိုယ့်စိတ်ကြိုက် password ကိုတိုက်ရိုက်ပြန်ပြောင်းနိုင်ခြင်း ၊ အချိန်ကုန်သက်သာခြင်း တို့ကို ရရှိစေပါတယ်။ ကီးကီးရဲ့ ညံ့ပျင်းမှုကြောင့် အမှားများပါခဲ့မယ်ဆို ဆရာတွေအနေနဲ့ လမ်းပြပေးပါလို့ တောင်းပန်ပါရစေ။ နောက်တစ်ခု အချိန်ရမယ်ဆိုရင် USB မှာ Boot Menu လေးလုပ်ပြီး အသုံးပြုပုံကိုအသေးစိတ် ပြန်ရေး ဘို့ စိတ်ကူးထားပါတယ်။)

ကီးကီးကတော့ ပုံများများ စာနည်းနည်းနဲ့ သုံးခါစသူတွေ အတွက် အဓိကထားပြီး ရှင်းပြထားပါတယ်။ လောလောဆယ် မရှင်းပြခင် TuxPE -5 ကိုဒေါင်းလိုက်ပါ။

http://www.mediafire.com/download/pwafs3yosloxl33/TuxPE_5.iso

ဒေါင်းလုဒ်လုပ်လို့ပြီးပြီဆိုရင် အခွေ Or USB နဲ့ ဘမ်းလိုက်ပါ။ ကီးကီးကတော့ USB နဲ့အောက်ပုံ (၂) မှာတွေတဲ့ အတိုင်းပဲဘမ်းထားတယ်ဆိုတော့ အဲဒါနဲ့ရှင်းပြပါတော့မယ်။ အရင်ဆုံး ကိုယ်ဖျက်ချင်တဲ့ ကွန်ပျူတာမှာ ခုနဘမ်းလို့ရတာတဲ့ USB ကိုထည့်လိုက်ပြီး Computer ကို restart ချပါ။ USB နဲ့ boot တက်နိုင်ဘို့ အတွက် F9 or F12 ကိုအဆက်မပြတ်နှိပ်ပေးပါ။ (boot ခလုတ်တွေ ကွန်ပျူတာပေါ်မူတည်ပြီး ကွဲပြားနိုင်ပါသည်။) Boot တက်လာပြီဆိုရင် USB ကိုရွေးပါ။ Key တစ်ခုခု နှိပ်ခိုင်းရင် ကြိုက်တဲ့ Key တစ်ခုကိုသာနှိပ်ချပါ။ အောက်ပုံ

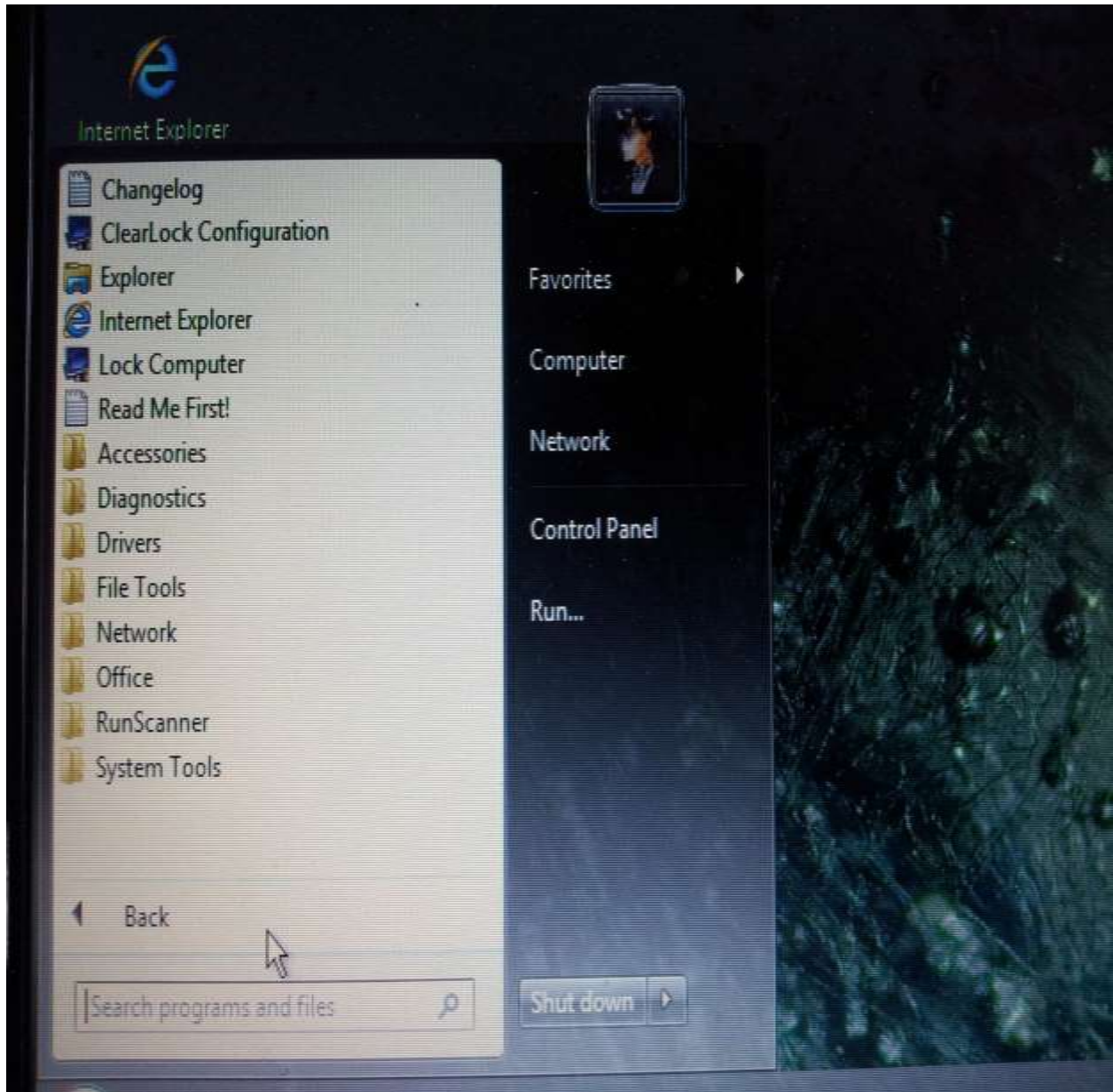
{ မှတ်ချက်။ ။ Password ဖျက်နိုင်သော ဝင်းဒိုးများ XP, VASTA, 7, နှင့် အချို့သော ဝင်းဒိုး 8 (အချို့သော ဝင်းဒိုး ၈ လို့သုံးရခြင်းမှာ သူငယ်ချင်းတစ်ယောက် ဟာကိုဖျက် လို့ရပြီး ကီးကီး ဝင်းဒိုး ၈ ကျတော့ ဖျက်မရလို့ပါ။) }



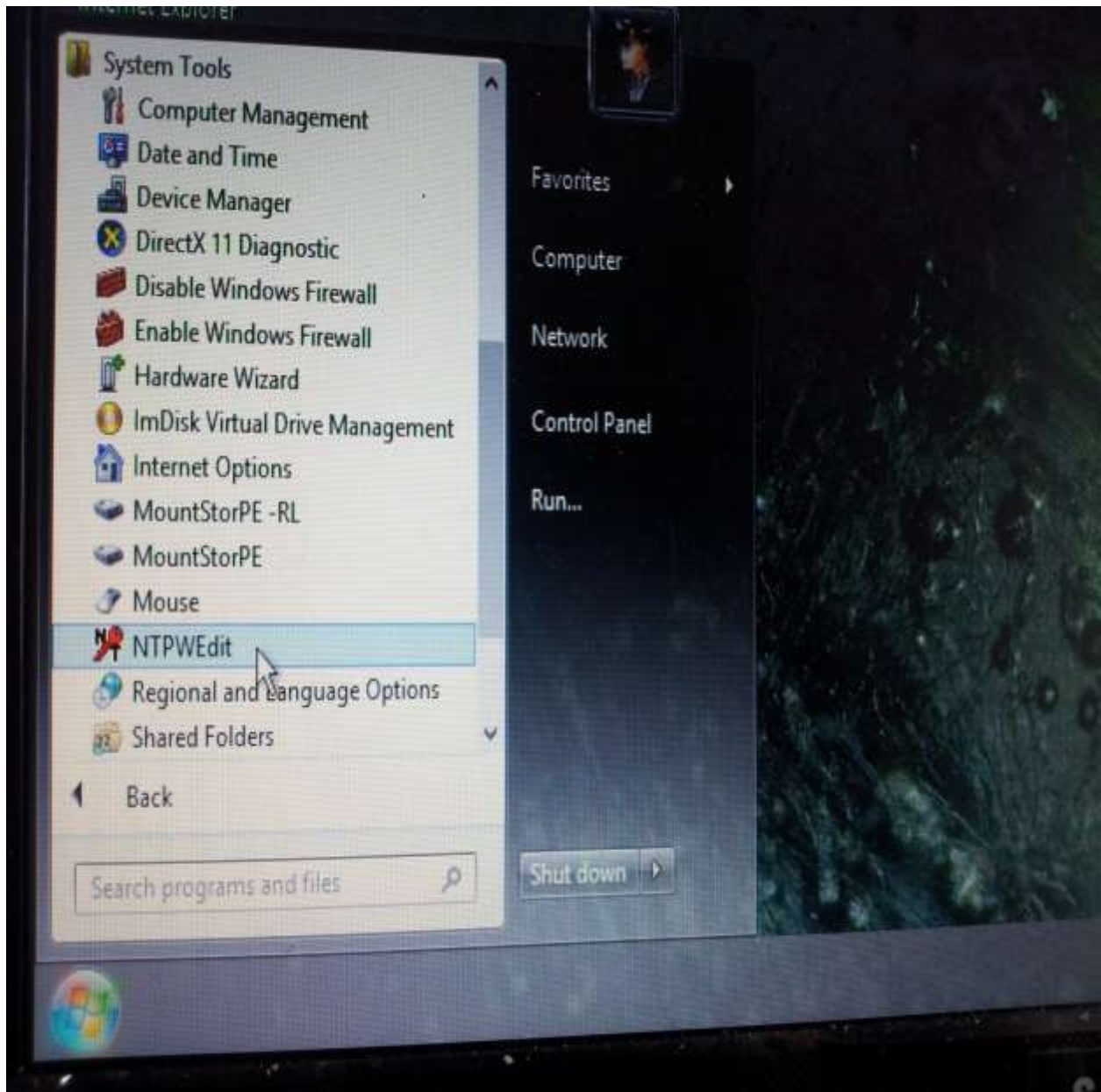
ဒုတိယ အနေနဲ့ ကီးကီးကတော့ ဆက်ရွေးရပါမယ်။ ဘာလို့လည်းဆိုရင် Boot Menu လုပ်ပြီးသုံးထားလို့ပါ။ ဝင်းဒိုး menu တစ်ခုတည်းမှာပင် iso 7 ခုရှိပါတယ်။ xp,vasta,7,8 အားလုံးထည့်ထားပါတယ်။ နည်းနည်းရှည်သွားတယ် ဆောတီ ပါ။ ဒုတိယ tuxpe 5 ကို ရွေးပြီး enter ခေါက်ပါတယ်။ USB မှာ Tuxpe ထဲဘမ်းထားတဲ့သူတွေ အတွက်ကတော့ ဒီအဆင့်ကိုသွားစရာမလိုပါဘူး။ အောက်ပုံ



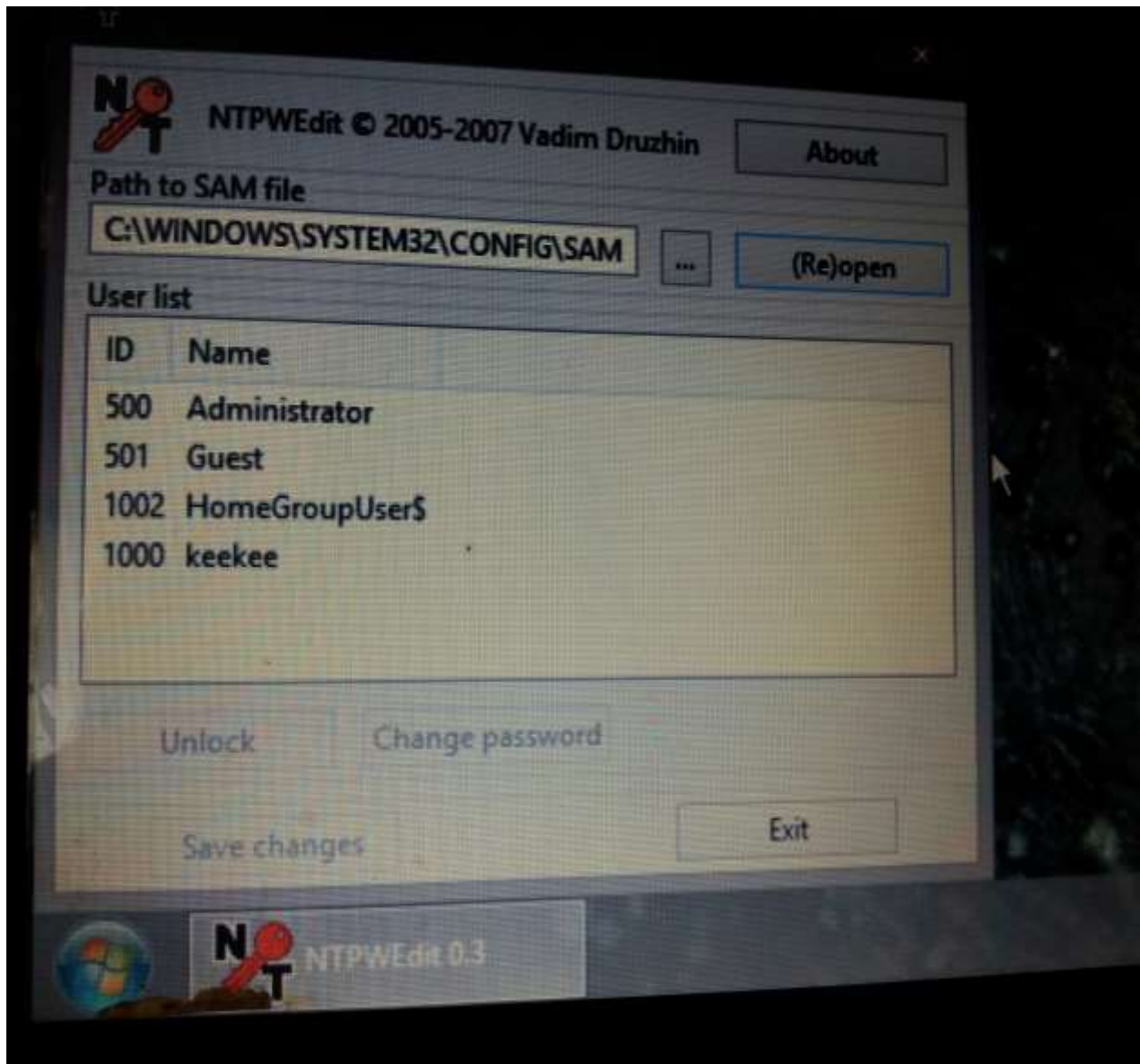
Loading ... လုပ်တာ နည်းနည်းကြာရင် စိတ်ရှည်ရှည်နဲ့ထားပါ။ TuxPE ဝင်းဒိုးတက်လာတာကိုခနစောင့်ပါ။ တက်လာပြီးရင်လည်း သူ့ဟာသူ လုပ်စရာရှိတာ ခနလေး ၁ မိနစ်လောက်လုပ်နေပါမယ်။ အားလုံးပြီးပြီးဆိုရင်တော့ Start >> all programs ကနေ System Tools ကိုနှိပ်ပါ။ အောက်ပုံ



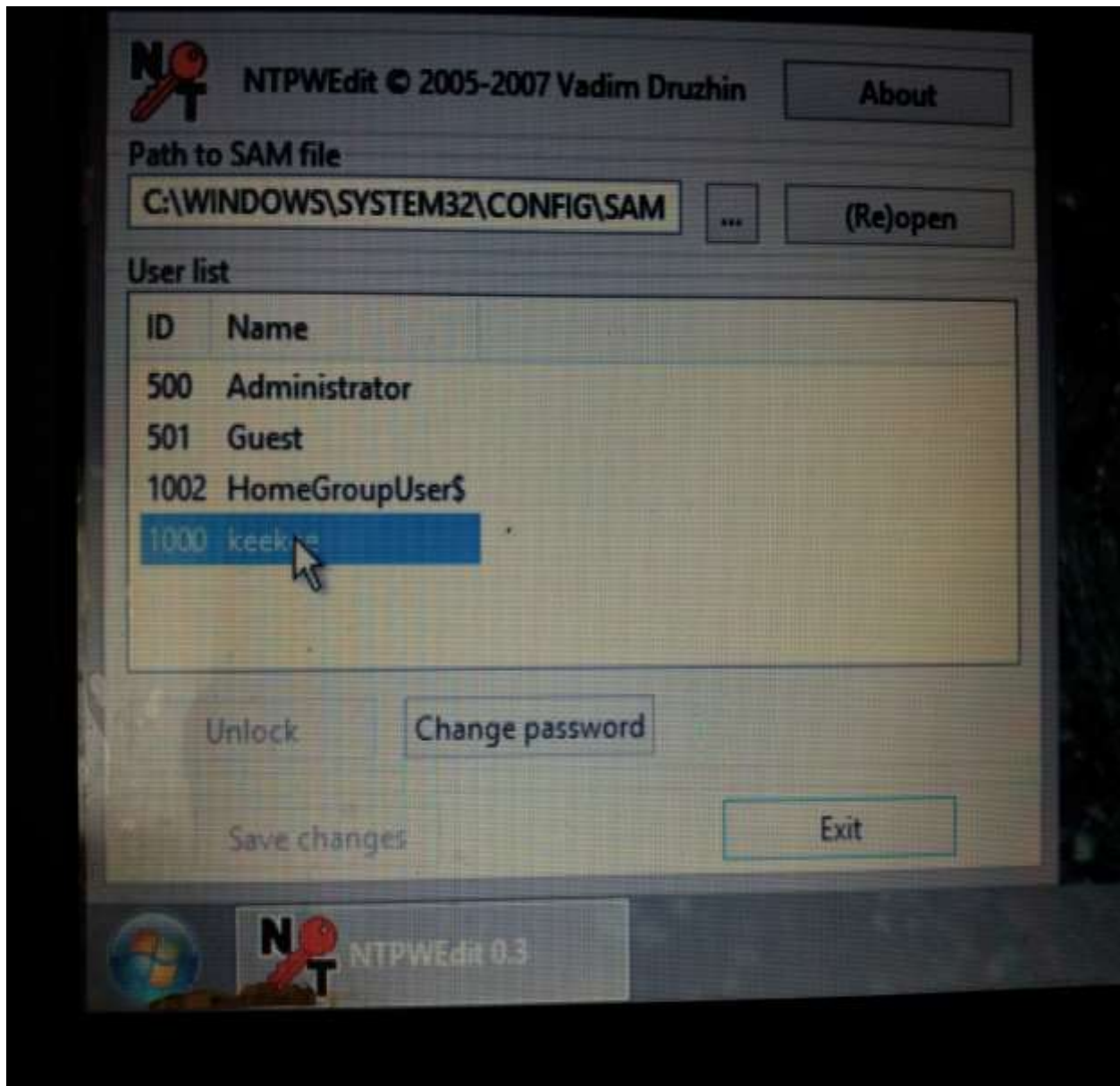
NTPWEdit ကိုရှာပြီး ဆက်နိုင်ပါ။



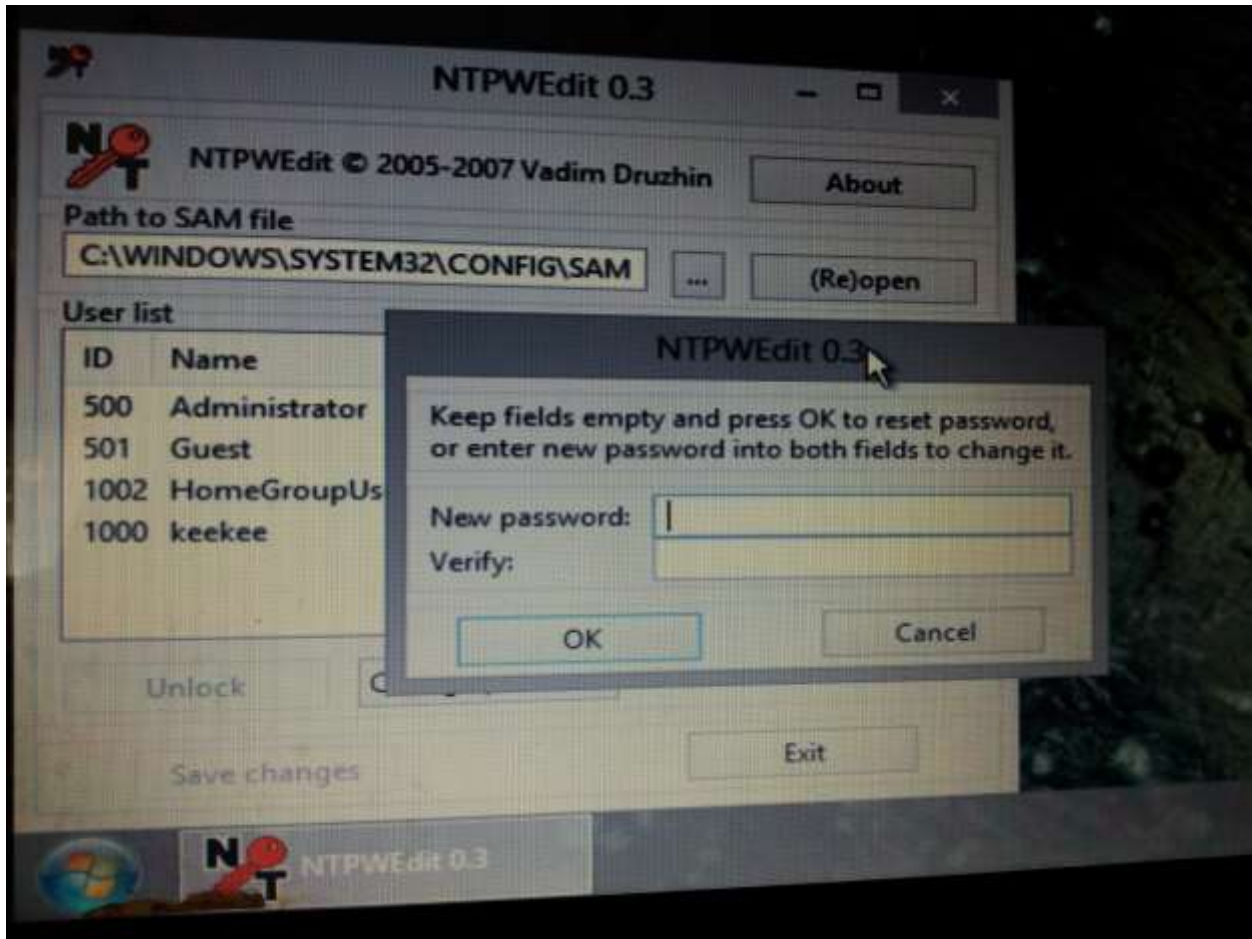
(Re)open ဆိုတဲ့ဟာလေးကို ဆက်နှိပ်ရင် User name တွေကျလာမည်။



ကိုယ်ဖျက်ချင်တဲ့ User Name ကိုရွေးပြီး Change password ကိုနှိပ်ပါ။ အောက်ပုံ



အဲဒါဆိုရင် Password အသစ်ထည့်တဲ့ box လေးတစ်ခုကျလာပါမယ်။ဒါဆိုရင် ကိုကြိုက်တဲ့ Password ကိုထည့်ပြီး ok ပေးပါ။ (ဒီမှာပြောစရာတစ်ခု ရှိပါတယ်။ Password ကိုမပေးချင်တော့ဘူးဆိုရင် New password မှာဘာမှမပေးပဲ ok သာနှိပ်ပါ။) ပြီးရင်တော့ Save Changes ပေါ့။ Exit နဲ့ထွက်ပြီး ကွန်ပျူတာကို restart ချလိုက်ပါ။



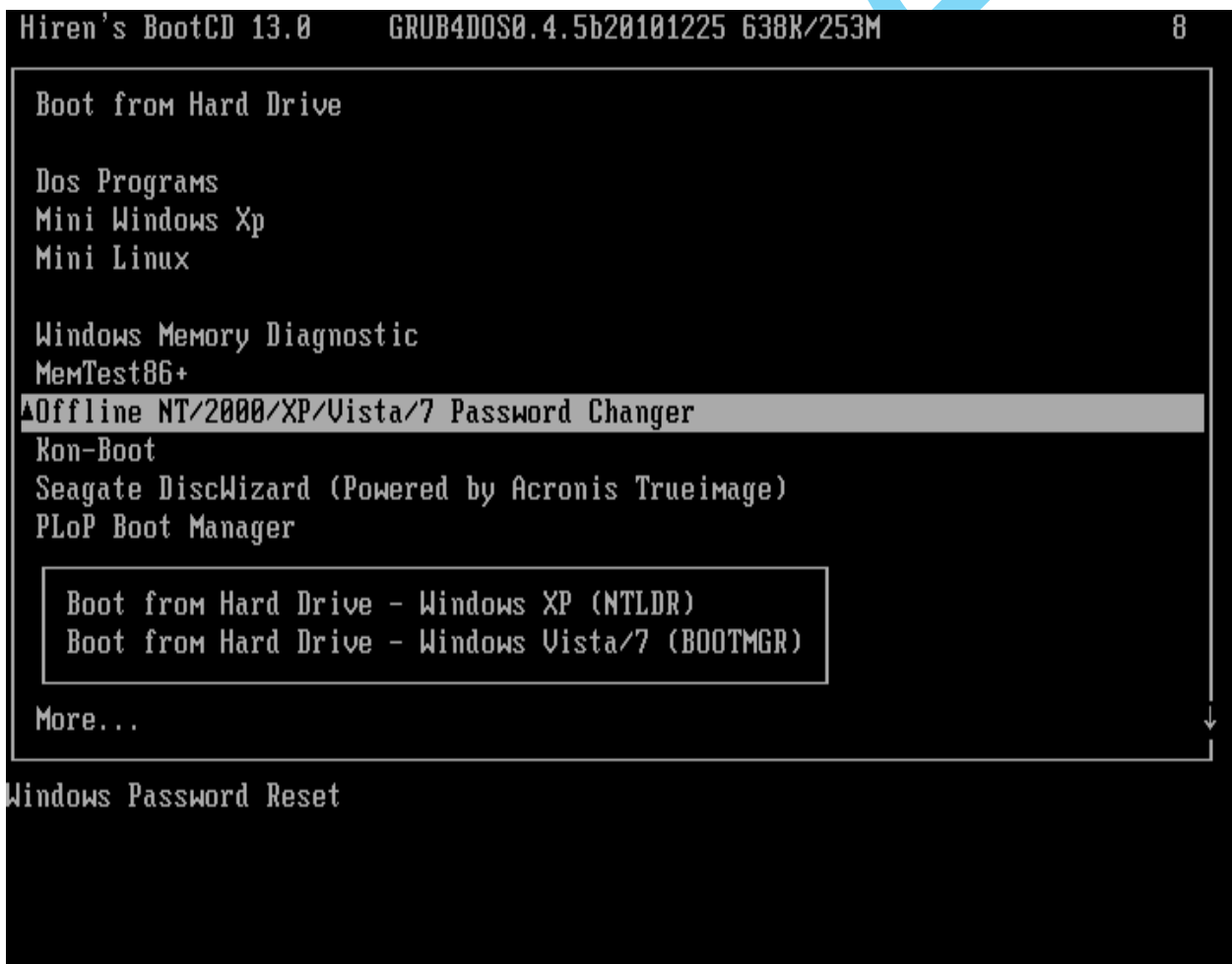
ဝင်းနိုး Password ကြောင့် စိတ်ညစ်ရခြင်းမှ ကင်းဝေးနိုင်ကြပါစေ။

(သူတစ်ပါးကို ကူညီတတ်တဲ့ စိတ်စေတနာ ဖြင့်သာ အသုံးပြုစေချင်ပါတယ်)

How To Reset Windows Password with Hiren's BootCD/usb

ဒီတစ်ခါ Hiren's နဲ့ ဝင်းဒိုး Password ဖျက်နည်း ရှင်းပြပါမယ်။ Hiren's ISO လေးကို အရင်ဒေါင်းလိုက်ပါဦး >>

<http://www.hirensbootcd.org/files/Hirens.BootCD.15.2.zip> ထုံးစံအတိုင်း usb လေးနဲ့ ဘမ်းလိုက်ပါ။ Iso အခွေဘမ်းဘို့အတွက် အထဲမှာ သီးသန့် exe တစ်ခု အပို ပါပါတယ်။ Boot တက်နည်းကိုတော့ အပေါ်မှာရှင်းပြထားလို့ ဒီမှာ အထူး တလည် မပြော တော့ပါဘူး။ ဘမ်းလို့ရလာတဲ့ usb နဲ့ Boot တက်ပြီး "NT/2000/XP/Vista/7 Password Changer" ကိုရွေးပါ။ အောက်ပုံ



2. loading...လုပ်နေတာဖြစ်လို့ ဘာမှလုပ်စရာမလိုပါဘူး။ ခနလေးစောင့်နေလိုက်ပါ။ အောက်ပုံ

```

usbcore: registered new device driver usb
PCI: Probing PCI hardware
pci 0000:00:07:3: quirk: region 1000-103f claimed by PIIX4 ACPI
pci 0000:00:07:3: quirk: region 1040-104f claimed by PIIX4 SMB
PCI: Transparent bridge - 0000:00:11.0
PCI: Using IRQ router PIIX/ICH [8086/7110] at 0000:00:07.0
PCI: Bridge: 0000:00:01.0
IO window: disabled.
MEM window: disabled.
PREFETCH window: disabled.
PCI: Bridge: 0000:00:11.0
IO window: 2000-2fff
MEM window: 0xe8900000-0xe89fffff
PREFETCH window: 0x0000000050000000-0x00000000500fffff
checking if image is initramfs... it is
Freeing initrd memory: 2280k freed
fuse init (API version 7.9)
io scheduler noop registered
io scheduler deadline registered (default)
pci 0000:00:00:3: Limiting direct PCI/PCI transfers
Serial: 8250/16550 driver $Revision: 1.90 $ 4 ports, IRQ sharing enabled
serial8250: ttyS0 at I/O 0x3f8 (irq = 4) is a 16550A
serial8250: ttyS1 at I/O 0x2f8 (irq = 3) is a 16550A
Floppy drive(s): fd0 is 1.44M
FDC 0 is a post-1991 82077
brd: module loaded
Driver 'sd' needs updating - please use bus_type methods
Driver 'sr' needs updating - please use bus_type methods
ehci_hcd 0000:02:02.0: EHCI Host Controller
ehci_hcd 0000:02:02.0: new USB bus registered, assigned bus number 1
ehci_hcd 0000:02:02.0: irq 5, io mem 0xe8910000
ehci_hcd 0000:02:02.0: USB 2.0 started, EHCI 1.00, driver 10 Dec 2004
usb usb1: configuration #1 chosen from 1 choice
hub 1-0:1.0: USB hub found
hub 1-0:1.0: 6 ports detected
USB Universal Host Controller Interface driver v3.0
PCI: Found IRQ 9 for device 0000:00:07.2
uhci_hcd 0000:00:07.2: UHCI Host Controller
uhci_hcd 0000:00:07.2: new USB bus registered, assigned bus number 2
uhci_hcd 0000:00:07.2: irq 9, io base 0x00001060
usb usb2: configuration #1 chosen from 1 choice
hub 2-0:1.0: USB hub found
hub 2-0:1.0: 2 ports detected
Initializng USB Mass Storage driver.
usb 1-1: new full speed USB device using uhci_hcd and address 2
usb 1-1: configuration #1 chosen from 1 choice
usb 1-1: new full speed USB device using uhci_hcd and address 3
usb 1-1: configuration #1 chosen from 1 choice
hub 1-0:1.0: USB hub found

```

3 ကိုယ်ဖျက်ချင်တဲ့ Hard Drive Partition မှန်အောင်ရွေးပေးပါ။ သူ့ဟာသူ တွေ့တယ်ဆိုရင်တော့ enter လေးခေါက်ရုံပါပဲ။ အောက်ပုံ

```

* Windows Registry Edit Utility Floppy / chntpw
* (c) 1997 - 2008 Petter N Hagen - pnoordahl@eunet.no
* GNU GPL v2 license, see files on CD
*
* This utility will enable you to change or blank the password of
* any user (incl. administrator) on an Windows NT/2k/XP/Vista
* WITHOUT knowing the old password.
* Unlocking locked/disabled accounts also supported.
*
* It also has a registry editor, and there is now support for
* adding and deleting keys and values.
*
* Tested on: NT3 51 & NT4: Workstation, Server, PDC,
* Win2k Prof & Server to SP4. Cannot change AD.
* XP Home & Prof: up to SP3
* Win 2003 Server (cannot change AD passwords)
* Vista 32 and 64 bit, Server 2008 32+64 bit
*
* HINT: If things scroll by too fast, press SHIFT-PGUP/PGDOWN
*****
=====
There are several steps to go through:
- Disk select: with optional loading of disk drivers
- PATH select: where are the Windows systems files stored
- File select: what parts of registry we need
- Then finally the password change or registry edit itself
- If changes were made, write them back to disk
DON'T PANIC! Usually the defaults are OK, just press enter
all the way through the questions
=====
Step ONE: Select disk where the Windows installation is
=====
Disks:
Disk /dev/sda: 26.8 GB, 26843545600 bytes
Candidate Windows partitions found:
1: /dev/sda1 25598MB BOOT
Please select partition by number or
q == quit
a == automatically start disk drivers
m == manually select disk drivers to load
f == fetch additional drivers from floppy / usb
a == show all partitions found
l == show probable Windows (NTFS) partitions only
Select: [1]

```

4 ဒီနေရာမှာတော့ ဘာမှရေးစရာမလိုပဲ enter တစ်ချက်ခေါက်လိုက်ပါ။ အောက်ပုံ

```

* Uista 32 and 64 bit, Server 2008 32+64 bit *
* HINT: If things scroll by too fast, press SHIFT-PCUP/PBDOWN *
*****
=====
There are several steps to go through:
- Disk select with optional loading of disk drivers
- PATH select, where are the Windows systems files stored
- File select, what parts of registry we need
- Then finally the password change or registry edit itself
- If changes were made, write them back to disk

DON'T PANIC! Usually the defaults are OK, just press enter
all the way through the questions

=====
■ Step ONE: Select disk where the Windows installation is
=====
Disks:
Disk /dev/sda: 26.8 GB, 26843545600 bytes
Candidate Windows partitions found:
1 : /dev/sda1 25598MB BOOT

Please select partition by number or
q = quit
d = automatically start disk drivers
m = manually select disk drivers to load
f = fetch additional drivers from floppy / usb
a = show all partitions found
l = show propbable Windows (NTFS) partitions only
Select: [1] 1
Selected 1
Mounting from /dev/sda1, with assumed filesystem type NTFS
So, let's really check if it is NTFS?
Yes, read-write seems OK
Mounting it. This may take up to a few minutes:
Success!

=====
■ Step TWO: Select PATH and registry files
=====
What is the path to the registry directory? (relative to windows disk)
[Windows/system32/config]

```

5 ဒီမှာ Password Reset လုပ်တဲ့ အတွက် 1 ရိုက်ပြီး enter ခေါက်ပါ။

```

or list the files with space as delimiter
1 - Password reset [sam system security]
2 - RecoveryConsole parameters [software]
q - quit - return to previous
[1]
Selected files: sam system security
Copying sam system security to /tmp

=====
■ Step THREE: Password or registry edit
=====
chntpw version 0.99.6 080526 (sixtyfour), (c) Petter N Hagen
Hive <sam> name (from header): <\SystemRoot\System32\Config\SAM>
ROOT KEY at offset: 0x001020 * Subkey indexing type is: 666c <lf>
Page at 0x19000 is not 'hbin', assuming file contains garbage at end
File size 262144 [40000] bytes, containing 8 pages (+ 1 headerpage)
Used for data: 246/52304 blocks/bytes, unused: 20/45744 blocks/bytes.

Hive <system> name (from header): <SYSTEM>
ROOT KEY at offset: 0x001020 * Subkey indexing type is: 686c <lh>
Page at 0xb8e000 is not 'hbin', assuming file contains garbage at end
File size 14155776 [d80000] bytes, containing 2682 pages (+ 1 headerpage)
Used for data: 136424/8430008 blocks/bytes, unused: 7020/3596040 blocks/bytes.

Hive <security> name (from header): <emRoot\System32\Config\SECURITY>
ROOT KEY at offset: 0x001020 * Subkey indexing type is: 666c <lf>
Page at 0x60000 is not 'hbin', assuming file contains garbage at end
File size 262144 [40000] bytes, containing 5 pages (+ 1 headerpage)
Used for data: 365/18624 blocks/bytes, unused: 7/1696 blocks/bytes.

* SAM policy limits:
Failed logins before lockout is: 0
Minimum password length : 0
Password history count : 0

<>=====<> chntpw Main Interactive Menu <>=====<>
Loaded hives: <sam> <system> <security>
1 - Edit user data and passwords
2 - Syskey status & change
3 - RecoveryConsole settings
- - -
9 - Registry editor, now with full write support!
q - Quit (you will be asked if there is something to save)

What to do? [1] ->

```

6. ဒီမှာလည်း 1 ရိုက်ပြီး enter ခေါက်ပါ။ တစ်ခါတစ်လေကျရင် ဒီအဆင့်ကို ကျော် တတ်ပါတယ်။ သူမေးတဲ့ဟာလေးကိုဖတ်ပြီး ရွေးလိုက်ပါ။


```

or list the files with space as delimiter
1 - Password reset [sam system security]
2 - RecoveryConsole parameters [software]
quit - return to previous
[1]
Selected files: sam system security
Copying sam system security to /tmp
=====
Step THREE: Password or registry edit
=====
chntpw version 0.99.6.080526 (sixtyfour), (c) Petter N Hagen
Hive <sam> name (from header): <\SystemRoot\System32\Config\SAM>
ROOT KEY at offset: 0x001020 * Subkey indexing type is: 666c <lf>
Page at 0x19000 is not 'hbin', assuming file contains garbage at end
File size 262144 [400001 bytes, containing 8 pages (+ 1 headerpage)
Used for data: 246/52304 blocks/bytes, unused: 20/45744 blocks/bytes.

Hive <system> name (from header): <SYSTEM>
ROOT KEY at offset: 0x001020 * Subkey indexing type is: 686c <lh>
Page at 0xb8e000 is not 'hbin', assuming file contains garbage at end
File size 14155776 [d800001 bytes, containing 2682 pages (+ 1 headerpage)
Used for data: 136424/8430008 blocks/bytes, unused: 7020/3596040 blocks/bytes.

Hive <security> name (from header): <emRoot\System32\Config\SECURITY>
ROOT KEY at offset: 0x001020 * Subkey indexing type is: 666c <lf>
Page at 0x60000 is not 'hbin', assuming file contains garbage at end
File size 262144 [400001 bytes, containing 5 pages (+ 1 headerpage)
Used for data: 365/18624 blocks/bytes, unused: 7/1696 blocks/bytes.

* SAM policy limits:
Failed logins before lockout is: 0
Minimum password length : 0
Password history count : 0

<>=====<> chntpw Main Interactive Menu <>=====<>
Loaded hives: <sam> <system> <security>

1 - Edit user data and passwords
2 - Syskey status & change
3 - RecoveryConsole settings
- - -
9 - Registry editor, now with full write support!
q - Quit (you will be asked if there is something to save)

What to do? [1] ->

```

7. ဒီမှာတော့ ကိုယ်ဖျက်ချင်တဲ့ Username ကိုရိုက်ပြီး enter ခေါက်ပါ။

```

chntpw version 0.99.6.080526 (sixtyfour), (c) Petter N Hagen
Hive <sam> name (from header): <\SystemRoot\System32\Config\SAM>
ROOT KEY at offset: 0x001020 * Subkey indexing type is: 666c <lf>
Page at 0x19000 is not 'hbin', assuming file contains garbage at end
File size 262144 [400001 bytes, containing 8 pages (+ 1 headerpage)
Used for data: 246/52304 blocks/bytes, unused: 20/45744 blocks/bytes.

Hive <system> name (from header): <SYSTEM>
ROOT KEY at offset: 0x001020 * Subkey indexing type is: 686c <lh>
Page at 0xb8e000 is not 'hbin', assuming file contains garbage at end
File size 14155776 [d800001 bytes, containing 2682 pages (+ 1 headerpage)
Used for data: 136424/8430008 blocks/bytes, unused: 7020/3596040 blocks/bytes.

Hive <security> name (from header): <emRoot\System32\Config\SECURITY>
ROOT KEY at offset: 0x001020 * Subkey indexing type is: 666c <lf>
Page at 0x60000 is not 'hbin', assuming file contains garbage at end
File size 262144 [400001 bytes, containing 5 pages (+ 1 headerpage)
Used for data: 365/18624 blocks/bytes, unused: 7/1696 blocks/bytes.

* SAM policy limits:
Failed logins before lockout is: 0
Minimum password length : 0
Password history count : 0

<>=====<> chntpw Main Interactive Menu <>=====<>
Loaded hives: <sam> <system> <security>

1 - Edit user data and passwords
2 - Syskey status & change
3 - RecoveryConsole settings
- - -
9 - Registry editor, now with full write support!
q - Quit (you will be asked if there is something to save)

What to do? [1] -> 1

===== chntpw Edit User Info & Passwords =====
RID - - - - - Username - - - - - Admin? - - Lock? - -
01f4 Administrator ADMIN dis/lock
01f5 Guest dis/lock
03e8 Tim ADMIN
Select: ! - quit, - list users, 0x<RID> - User with RID (hex)
or simply enter the username to change: [Administrator]

```

8. ဒီမှာက password ကိုဖျက်ချင်တဲ့ အတွက် 1 ရိုက်ပြီး enter ခေါက်ပါ။


```

Loaded hives: <sam> <system> <security>
 1 - Edit user data and passwords
 2 - Syskey status & change
 3 - RecoveryConsole settings
 9 - Registry editor, now with full write support!
 q - Quit (you will be asked if there is something to save)

What to do? [1] -> 1

===== chntpw Edit User Info & Passwords =====

RID ----- Username ----- Admin? -- Lock? --
01f4 Administrator ADMIN dis/lock
01f5 Guest ADMIN dis/lock
03e8 Tim ADMIN dis/lock

Select: ↑ - quit, ↓ - list users, 0x<RID> - User with RID (hex)
or simply enter the username to change: [Administrator] Tim

RID ..... 1000 [03e8]
Username .. Tim
Fullname .. Tim Fisher
Comment ..
Homedir ..

User is member of 1 groups:
00000220 = Administrators (which has 2 members)

Account bits: 0x0214 =
[ ] Disabled [ ] Homedir req. [X] Passwd not req.
[ ] Temp. duplicate [X] Normal account [ ] NMS account
[ ] Domain trust ac [ ] Wks trust act. [ ] Srv trust act
[X] Pwd don't expir [ ] Auto lockout [ ] (unknown 0x08)
[ ] (unknown 0x10) [ ] (unknown 0x20) [ ] (unknown 0x40)

Failed login count: 3, while max tries is: 0
Total login count: 86

- - - User Edit Menu:
1 - Clear (blank) user password
2 - Edit (set new) user password (careful with this on XP or Vista)
3 - Promote user (make user an administrator)
4 - Unlock and enable user account [probably locked now]
q - Quit editing user, back to user select
Select: [q] >

```

9. ဒီမှာ q ကိုရိုက်ပြီး enter ခေါက်ပါ။

```

 2 - Syskey status & change
 3 - RecoveryConsole settings
 9 - Registry editor, now with full write support!
 q - Quit (you will be asked if there is something to save)

What to do? [1] -> 1

===== chntpw Edit User Info & Passwords =====

RID ----- Username ----- Admin? -- Lock? --
01f4 Administrator ADMIN dis/lock
01f5 Guest ADMIN dis/lock
03e8 Tim ADMIN dis/lock

Select: ↑ - quit, ↓ - list users, 0x<RID> - User with RID (hex)
or simply enter the username to change: [Administrator] Tim

RID ..... 1000 [03e8]
Username .. Tim
Fullname .. Tim Fisher
Comment ..
Homedir ..

User is member of 1 groups:
00000220 = Administrators (which has 2 members)

Account bits: 0x0214 =
[ ] Disabled [ ] Homedir req. [X] Passwd not req.
[ ] Temp. duplicate [X] Normal account [ ] NMS account
[ ] Domain trust ac [ ] Wks trust act. [ ] Srv trust act
[X] Pwd don't expir [ ] Auto lockout [ ] (unknown 0x08)
[ ] (unknown 0x10) [ ] (unknown 0x20) [ ] (unknown 0x40)

Failed login count: 3, while max tries is: 0
Total login count: 86

- - - User Edit Menu:
1 - Clear (blank) user password
2 - Edit (set new) user password (careful with this on XP or Vista)
3 - Promote user (make user an administrator)
4 - Unlock and enable user account [probably locked now]
q - Quit editing user, back to user select
Select: [q] > 1
Password cleared!

Select: ↑ - quit, ↓ - list users, 0x<RID> - User with RID (hex)
or simply enter the username to change: [Administrator]

```

10. ဒီမှာလည်း q ရိုက်ပြီး enter ခေါက်ပါ။

```

! 03e8 ! Tim ! ADMIN ! dis/lock !
Select: ? - quit, . - list users, 0x<RID> - User with RID (hex)
or simply enter the username to change: [Administrator] Tim
RID : 1000 [03e8]
Username : Tim
fullname : Tim Fisher
comment :
homedir :

User is member of 1 groups:
00000220 = Administrators (which has 2 members)

Account bits: 0x0214 =
[ ] Disabled [ ] Homedir req. [X] Passwd not req.
[ ] Temp. duplicate [X] Normal account [ ] NMS account
[ ] Domain trust act [ ] Wks trust act [ ] Srv trust act
[X] Pwd don't expir [ ] Auto lockout [ ] (unknown 0x08)
[ ] (unknown 0x10) [ ] (unknown 0x20) [ ] (unknown 0x40)

Failed login count: 3, while max tries is: 0
Total login count: 86

- - - User Edit Menu:
1 - Clear (blank) user password
2 - Edit (set new) user password (careful with this on XP or Vista)
3 - Promote user (make user an administrator)
4 - Unlock and enable user account [probably locked now]
q - Quit editing user, back to user select
Select: [q] > 1
Password cleared!

Select: ? - quit, . - list users, 0x<RID> - User with RID (hex)
or simply enter the username to change: [Administrator] ?

(<)=====(<) chntpw Main Interactive Menu (<)=====(<)
Loaded hives: <sam> <system> <security>

1 - Edit user data and passwords
2 - Syskey status & change
3 - RecoveryConsole settings
- - -
9 - Registry editor, now with full write support!
q - Quit (you will be asked if there is something to save)

What to do? [1] ->

```

11. y ရိုက်ပြီး enter ခေါက်ပါ။

```

homedir :
User is member of 1 groups:
00000220 = Administrators (which has 2 members)

Account bits: 0x0214 =
[ ] Disabled [ ] Homedir req. [X] Passwd not req.
[ ] Temp. duplicate [X] Normal account [ ] NMS account
[ ] Domain trust act [ ] Wks trust act [ ] Srv trust act
[X] Pwd don't expir [ ] Auto lockout [ ] (unknown 0x08)
[ ] (unknown 0x10) [ ] (unknown 0x20) [ ] (unknown 0x40)

Failed login count: 3, while max tries is: 0
Total login count: 86

- - - User Edit Menu:
1 - Clear (blank) user password
2 - Edit (set new) user password (careful with this on XP or Vista)
3 - Promote user (make user an administrator)
4 - Unlock and enable user account [probably locked now]
q - Quit editing user, back to user select
Select: [q] > 1
Password cleared!

Select: ? - quit, . - list users, 0x<RID> - User with RID (hex)
or simply enter the username to change: [Administrator] ?

(<)=====(<) chntpw Main Interactive Menu (<)=====(<)
Loaded hives: <sam> <system> <security>

1 - Edit user data and passwords
2 - Syskey status & change
3 - RecoveryConsole settings
- - -
9 - Registry editor, now with full write support!
q - Quit (you will be asked if there is something to save)

What to do? [1] -> q
Hives that have changed:
# Name
0 <sam> - OK

=====
# Step FOUR: Writing back changes
=====
About to write file(s) back! Do it? [n] :

```

12. ဒီမှာတော့ လွယ်သွားပြီ enter ခေါက်လိုက်ရုံပါပဲ

```
[ ] Disabled [ ] Homedir req. [X] Passwd not req.
[ ] Temp. duplicate [X] Normal account [ ] NMS account
[ ] Domain trust ac [ ] Wks trust act. [ ] Srv trust act
[X] Pwd don't expire [ ] Auto lockout [ ] (unknown 0x08)
[ ] (unknown 0x10) [ ] (unknown 0x20) [ ] (unknown 0x40)

Failed login count: 3, while max tries is: 0
Total login count: 86

- - - User Edit Menu:
1 - Clear (blank) user password
2 - Edit (set new) user password (careful with this on XP or Vista)
3 - Promote user (make user an administrator)
4 - Unlock and enable user account [probably locked now]
q - Quit editing user, back to user select
Select: [q] > 1
Password cleared!

Select: ↑ - quit, ↓ - list users, 0x<RID> - User with RID (hex)
or simply enter the username to change: [Administrator] ?

<>=====<> chntpw Main Interactive Menu <>=====<>
Loaded hives: <sam> <system> <security>

1 - Edit user data and passwords
2 - Syskey status & change
3 - RecoveryConsole settings
- - -
9 - Registry editor, now with full write support!
q - Quit (you will be asked if there is something to save)

What to do? [1] -> q
Hives that have changed:
# Name
0 <sam> - OK

=====
# Step FOUR: Writing back changes
# About to write file(s) back! Do it? [n] : y
Writing sam
***** EDIT COMPLETE *****
You can try again if it somehow failed, or you selected wrong
New run? [n] : n
```

13. usb ကိုထုတ်ပြီး ကွန်ပျူတာကို restart ချလိုက်ပါ။

```
- - - User Edit Menu:
1 - Clear (blank) user password
2 - Edit (set new) user password (careful with this on XP or Vista)
3 - Promote user (make user an administrator)
4 - Unlock and enable user account [probably locked now]
q - Quit editing user, back to user select
Select: [q] > 1
Password cleared!

Select: ↑ - quit, ↓ - list users, 0x<RID> - User with RID (hex)
or simply enter the username to change: [Administrator] ?

<>=====<> chntpw Main Interactive Menu <>=====<>
Loaded hives: <sam> <system> <security>

1 - Edit user data and passwords
2 - Syskey status & change
3 - RecoveryConsole settings
- - -
9 - Registry editor, now with full write support!
q - Quit (you will be asked if there is something to save)

What to do? [1] -> q
Hives that have changed:
# Name
0 <sam> - OK

=====
# Step FOUR: Writing back changes
# About to write file(s) back! Do it? [n] : y
Writing sam
***** EDIT COMPLETE *****
You can try again if it somehow failed, or you selected wrong
New run? [n] : n

=====
* end of scripts, returning to the shell.
* Press CTRL-ALT-DEL to reboot now (remove floppy first)
* or do whatever you want from the shell.
* However, if you mount something, remember to umount before reboot
* You may also restart the script procedure with 'sh /scripts/main.sh'
#
```

ဒီလောက်ဆိုရင် ဘယ်ဝင်းဒိုး password ကို မဆို ကိုယ့်ဟာကို ဖျက်နိုင်ကြမယ်လို့ မျှော်လင့်ပါတယ်။